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Erratum

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J. MACROMOL. SCI.—CHEM., A9(4), pp. 639-640 (1975)

ERRATA

JOURNAL OF MACROMOLECULAR SCIENCE-CHEMISTRY, Volume A7(4), 1973.

Equation (5) on p. 894 should read:

$$f_e/fT = d \ln \langle r_o^2 \rangle / dT = -\epsilon' / RT^2$$

The text at the top of p. 896 should read:

It was found that $f_e/fT = 0.13 \times 10^{-3}/^{\circ}C$ for a one-to-one random copolymer of ethylene and propylene. This value is in poor agreement with the calculated result [13] of -1.1 × 10⁻³/ $^{\circ}$ C, though in satisfactory accord with the theoretical result of Opschoor [14]. On the other hand, for homopolymers, f_e/fT is $-1.1 \times 10^{-3}/^{\circ}C$ for polyethylene [15] and $-4.0 \times 10^{-3}/^{\circ}C$ for polypropylene [14]. In the case of SBR, a styrene-butadiene copolymer, $f_e/fT = -3.9 \times 10^{-3}/^{\circ}C$. In contrast, these values were reported in the literature to be $0.33 \times 10^{-3}/^{\circ}C$ for polybutadiene [16] and $0.37 \times 10^{-3}/^{\circ}C$ for polystyrene [17]. There is apparently no simple correlation between the energy contributions of copolymers

and their homopolymers. [Underlines indicate corrections.]

Mitchel Shen

Department of Chemical Engineering University of California Berkeley, California 94720 640 ERRATA

JOURNAL OF MACROMOLECULAR SCIENCE—CHEMISTRY, Volume A7(7), 1973.

In both the next to last paragraph on p. 1402 and in the key inside Fig. 1 on p. 1403, 10^{-3} should read 10^{-2} for both concentration levels. In the final paragraph on p. 1402, in the parenthetical sentence, change "thousand" to "hundred."

Samuel Smith

3M Center St. Paul, Minnesota 55101